EXEMPTION DATED 13TH JUNE, 2017 UNDER COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notification No GSR 464(E), GSR 463(E) and GSR 466(E) dated 05th June, 2015 had granted exemption to certain class of Companies namely Private Company, Section 8 Company, Government Company and Nidhi Company. In furtherance via notification dated 13th June 2017 MCA has amended the exemption granted to Private Company, Section 8 Company and Government Company.

> FOR PRIVATE COMPANIES:

START UPS:

The concept of <u>Start-up Company</u> has been introduced in Private Company exemption notification dated 13th June, 2017. Start-up Company means a Private Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956 and recognized as start-up in accordance with the notification issued by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

Start-up (as defined by Ministry of Commerce and Industry):

An entity shall be considered as a Start up:

- a) if it is incorporated as a **Private Limited Company** (as defined in the Companies Act, 2013) or registered as a **Partnership Firm** (registered under section 59 of the Partnership Act, 1932) or a **Limited Liability Partnership** (under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008) in India; and
- b) up to **7 years** from the date of its incorporation/registration; however, in the case of Startups in the biotechnology sector, the period shall be up to **10 years** from the date of its incorporation/registration; and
- c) if its turnover for any of the financial years since incorporation/registration has not exceeded ₹ 25 Crores; and
- d) if it is working towards **innovation**, **development or improvement of products or processes or services**, or if it is a scalable business model with a high potential of **employment generation or wealth creation**.

Provided that any such entity formed by splitting up or reconstruction of a business already in existence shall not be considered a 'Startup'.

$\frac{\mathbf{AMENDED} \ / \ \mathbf{INSERTED} \ \mathbf{EXEMPTION} \ \mathbf{VIDE} \ \mathbf{NOTIFICATION} \ \mathbf{13^{TH}} \ \mathbf{JUNE, 2017} \ \mathbf{FOR}}{\mathbf{PRIVATE} \ \mathbf{COMPANIES}}$

Sr	Chapter/	Particulars	Exemption/ Relaxation
No	Section of the		
	Act		
1	Chapter I,	The financial statement, with	The financial statement, with
	Proviso of	respect to One Person Company,	respect to One Person
	Clause (40) of	small Company, dormant	Company, small Company and
	Section 2	Company, may not include the cash flow statement;	Private Company (if such
	[Financial	cash now statement,	Private Company is a start-
	Statements]		up) may not include the cash
			flow statement.
2	Chapter V,	Private Company are permitted to	Provisions clause a-e of sub-
	clause (a) to (e)	accepts deposits from its members	section 2 of Section 73 shall not
	of sub-section	not exceeding 100% of aggregate	apply to Private Company:
	(2) of Section 73	of paid up share capital and free	
	[Conditions for	reserves, and such Company shall	A) which accepts from its
	accepting	file details of monies accepted to	members monies not
	Deposits from	the RoC in such manner	exceeding 100% of aggregate
	Members]	prescribed.	of paid up share capital, free
			reserves and security
			premium; or
			B) which is a start-up
			Company, for 5 years from
			the date of its incorporation;
			<u>or</u>
			C) which fulfils the following
			conditions, namely:
			a) which is not an associate
			or a subsidiary of such
			other Company;

			b) if the borrowing of such Company from banks/Financial Institution/ any Body Corporate is less than twice to its paid up share capital or ₹50 Cr rupees, whichever is lower;
			c) such a Company has not defaulted in the repayment of such borrowing subsisting at the time of accepting deposits
			Provided that the Company referred to in clause A/B/C shall file the details of monies accepted to RoC in such manner specified.
3	Chapter VII, clause (g) of subsection (1) of Section 92 [Annual Return]	Every Company shall prepare Annual Return (MGT-7) containing the particulars as they stood on the close of financial year: (g) remuneration of directors and key managerial personnel	In case of Private Companies which are Small Companies may disclose the aggregate remuneration paid to all its Directors.
4	Chapter VII, proviso to sub- section (1) of Section 92	In relation to One Person Company and Small Company, the Annual Return shall be signed by Company Secretary, or where there is no Company Secretary, by the director of the Company	In relation to One Person Company, small Company and Private Company (if such Private Company is start-up), the annual return shall be signed by the Company Secretary, or where there is no Company Secretary by the Director of the

			Company.
5	Chapter X, clause (i) of sub section (3) of Section 143 [Powers and Duties of Auditors]	The Auditor's Report shall state whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such control	Requirement of Internal Financial Controls disclosure in Auditor's Report shall not apply to Private Company: i) which is a one person Company or a small Company; or ii) which has turnover less than ₹50 Cr as per latest audited financials statement or which has aggregate borrowings from banks/ financial institution/ body corporate at any point of time during the financial year less than ₹25 Cr.
6	Chapter XII sub-section (5) of Section 173 [Meeting of Board]	A one person Company, small Company and dormant Company shall be deemed to have complied with the provisions of this section if at least one meeting of the Board of Directors has been conducted in each half year of a calendar year and the gap between the 2 meetings is not less than 90 days.	A one person Company, small Company, dormant Company and Private Company (if such Private Company is a start-up) shall be deemed to have complied with the provisions of this section if at least one meeting of the Board of Directors has been conducted in each half year of a calendar year and the gap between the 2 meetings is not less than 90 days.
7	Chapter XII, sub-section (3) of Section 174	Where at any time the number of interested directors exceeds or is equal to $2/3^{rd}$ of the total strength	The interested director shall be counted towards quorum in such meeting after

[Quorum of	of the Board of Directors, the	disclosure of his interest
Board Meeting]	number of directors who are not	pursuant to section 184.
	interested directors and present at	
	the meeting, being not less than	
	two, shall be the quorum during	
	such time.	

> FOR SECTION 8 COMPANIES:

Amended / Inserted exemption vide notification 13th June, 2017 for Section 8 Companies:

Sr	Chapter/	Particulars	Exemption/ Relaxation
No	Section of the		
	Act		
1	Clause (b) and first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 149 [Maximum number of	Earlier entire section 149(1) of the Act, 2013 along with first proviso to the said section was not applicable to a section 8 Company.	 i. Section 8 Company, without any special resolution can appoint more than 15 directors. ii. Section 8 Company need to comply with the minimum requirement with reference
	Directors]		to number of directors
2	Sub-section (7) of Section 186 [Loans and Investments by Company]	No loan shall be given under this section at a rate of interest lower than the prevailing yield of one year, three year, five year or ten year Government Security closest to the tenor of the loan.	Provisions of sub-section (7) of Section 186 will not apply to a Company in which 26% or more of the paid-up share capital is held by Central Government or one or more State Governments or both, in respect of loans provided by such Company for funding Industrial Research and Development projects in furtherance of its objects as stated in its memorandum of association

> FOR GOVERNMENT COMPANIES:

<u>Amended / Inserted exemption vide notification 13th June, 2017 for Government Companies:</u>

Sr	Chapter/	Particulars	Exemption/ Relaxation
No	Section of the		
	Act		
1	Chapter VII,	Every AGM shall be called during	Every AGM shall be called
	sub-section (2)	business hours, that is, between 9	during business hours, that is,
	of Section 96	a.m. and 6 a.m. on any day that is	between 9 a.m. and 6 a.m. on
	[AGM]	not a National Holiday and shall be	any day that is not a National
		held either at the registered office	Holiday and shall be held either
		of the Company or at some other	at the registered office of the
		place within the city, town or	Company or at some other place
		village in which the registered	within the city, town or village
		office of the Company is situated.	in which the registered office of
			the Company is situated or such
			other place as the Central
			Government may approve in
			this behalf.
2	Chapter XI,	The provisions relating to retire by	The provisions relating to retire
	sub-sections (6)	rotation and filling of casual	by rotation and filling of casual
	and (7) of	vacancy will not apply to:	vacancy will not apply to:
	Section 152	a) a Government Company in	a) a Government Company,
	[Retirement by	which the entire paid up share	which is not a listed Company ,
	rotation and	capital is held by the Central	in which not less than 51% of
	Casual	Government, or by any State	paid up share capital is held
	vacancy]	Government or Governments or by	by the Central Government, or
		the Central Government and one or	by any State Government or
		more State Governments;	Governments or by the Central
		b) a subsidiary of a Government	Government and one or more
		Company, referred to in (a) above,	State Governments;
		in which the entire paid up share	b) a subsidiary of a Government
		capital is held by that Government	Company, referred to in (a)
		Company.	above.

3	Chapter XV,	Section 230 to 232 provides for	The word tribunal is
	Section 230 to	compromising and making	substituted with Central
	232	arrangement with creditors and	Government under the
	[Compromise/	members, power of tribunal to	provisions of Section 230-232.
	Arrangement/	enforce compromise or	
	Merger/	arrangement and merger and	
	Amalgamation]	amalgamation of Companies	

The newly inserted/ amended exemption can be availed only if the aforesaid Companies has not committed default in filing Financial Statements under Section 137 or Annual Return under Section 92 with the Registrar.

Based on the exemption notification dated 13th June, 2017 it can be ascertained that, Government are encouraging Start-up Private Company and providing relaxation from various compliances of Companies Act, 2013. It seems that Government wishes to encourage entrepreneurship by introducing Start-up and providing relevant incentives including taxation reliefs. The primary objective of the exemption notification is to carry on business in a simplified and transparent manner.

Disclaimer

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Amita Desai & Co. Company Secretaries

Mumbai Off:

1005, Hubtown Solaris Off Western Express Highway East End of Andheri Flyover **Landline:** + 91-22-2684-5920/21

Fax:+ 91-22-6678-7499 **Mobile :**+ 91-982-017-7691