# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) (SECOND AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2023

On **June 14, 2023,** SEBI <u>vide Notification</u> has amended, the SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015 vide SEBI (LODR) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023.

The Effective Date for all amendments will be 14<sup>th</sup> July 2023 except amendments in Regulation 15, 34, new Sub Regulation 37A and 57 of SEBI (LODR) 2015, which will be effective from 14<sup>th</sup> June 2023. The amendments made in LODR are detailed below:

Regulation No	Regulation Name	Original Regulation	Revised Regulation
2	Definition	No changes in earlier regulations. A new clause (ra) is inserted.	A new clause is inserted under Regulation 2 (1) (ra), between (r) and (s) about the definition of Mainstream Media-  Mainstream Media to include print or electronic modes of the following: - a) Newspapers registered with the Registrar of Newspapers for India; b) News channels permitted by the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting under the Government of India; c) Content published by the publisher of news and current affairs content as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021; and d) Newspapers or news channels or news and current affairs content similarly registered or permitted or regulated, as the case may be, in
			jurisdictions outside India.

#### Comment:

A new definition of <u>Mainstream Media</u> is inserted through which the Company announces or communicates about the Disclosure of Events (Refer to Regulation 30) read with Schedule III, Part A, Paragraph A under newly inserted sub-paragraph (18) after Sub-paragraph (17)

6	Compliance Officer	No changes in earlier	Any vacancy in the office of the
	and his /her	regulations a new	Compliance Officer should be filled at
	regulations	Clause (1A) is	the earliest but <b>not later than 3</b>
		inserted.	months from the date of such
			vacancy.
			Provided that the listed entity shall
			not fill such vacancy by appointing a
			person in an <b>interim capacity</b> unless
			such appointment is made in
			accordance with the laws applicable in
			case of fresh appointment to such
			office and the obligation under such
			laws is made applicable to such
			person.

#### Comment:

The appointment of the Compliance Officer in a listed entity should be filled in three months. However, the Companies Act 2013 provides u/s 203 (4) that the vacancy in KMP should be filled in six months.

This timeline of three months is amended for filling in the vacancy of not just the Compliance Officer but for the Director, CEO & CFO also.

15	Applicability	Few changes in	High-value debt listed entity that has
		existing sub-	listed its non-convertible debt
		regulation (1A) wrt	securities & has an outstanding value
		High-value debt	of listed non-convertible debt
		listed entity to	securities of Rs.500 crore and above is
		comply or explain	required to "Comply or Explain" the
		compliance of	compliance with Regulations 16 to 27
		Regulation 16 to 27	until <b>March 31, 2024</b> .

#### **Comments:**

The period to comply or explain for High-value debt listed entity for compliance with Regulations 16 to 27 has been extended from March 31, 2023, to March 31, 2024.

17	Board	of	No changes in earlier	Re-Appointment of Director
	Directors		regulation.	From <b>April 01, 2024,</b> the continuation
			A new clause (1D) is	of the Director on the Board of the
			inserted.	listed entity shall be subject to the
				approval of shareholders at least once
				<u>in 5 years</u> from the date of
				appointment or reappointment.
				If any Director is serving for the last 5
				years or more, the approval of
				shareholders is to be taken in the first
				general meeting held after
				<u>31.03.2024</u> .

#### MD, Manager, WTD, ID

Shareholder's approval for continuation of directors is not applicable to Whole-time Director (WTD), Managing Director, Managers, Independent Director, or Director who retires by rotation if the approval of the shareholder is obtained as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### The exception to this regulation:

- (a) The Director appointed pursuant to the Order of a Court or a Tribunal
- (b) The Director nominated by the Government (other than on the Board of a public sector company)
- (c) The Director nominated by the Financial sector regulator of the Board of a listed entity
- (d) The Director nominated by a financial institution (which is registered with or regulated by the RBI) or Director nominated by a Debenture Trustees registered with SEBI.

#### Vacancy

Any vacancy in the office of a Director shall be filed at the earliest and <u>not</u> <u>later than 3 months</u> from the date of such vacancy.

#### Vacancy due to expiry of the Term

Any vacancy due to the expiration of the term of office of any Director shall **be filled not later than the date of such vacancy,** otherwise the same will be considered as non-compliance. These provisions shall not be applicable if the listed entity shall have adequate composition of its Board as per Regulation 17 (1)

#### Comment-

This new provision is inserted to ensure that the shareholders should appoint/ re-appoint the Director every five years and the term of any Director should not be perpetual.

Director eve	Director every rive years and the term of any Director should not be perpetual.				
26A	Obligations with	No changes in earlier	Any vacancy in the office of CEO, MD,		
	respect to certain	regulation	WTD, Manager or CFO is to be filled by		
	Key Managerial	A new Regulation 26A	the listed entity at the earliest and		
	Personnel	is inserted	not later than 3 months from the date		
			of such vacancy.		
			Provided that the listed entity shall not		
			fill such vacancy by appointing a		
			person in <b>interim capacity</b> unless such		
			appointment is made in accordance		
			with the laws applicable in case of		
			fresh appointment to such office and		
			the obligation under such laws is made		
			applicable to such person.		
l _					

#### Comment

The appointment of certain KMPs in a listed entity should be filled in <u>three months</u>. However, the Companies Act 2013 provides u/s 203 (4) that the vacancy in KMP should be filled in six months. This timeline of three months is amended for filling in the vacancy of not just KMPs but also the Compliance Officers and Directors.

27	Other Corporate	No changes in earlier	The listed entity is to submit to stock
	Governance	regulations.	exchanges details of cyber security
	requirements	A new clause (ba) is	incidents or breaches or loss of data or
		inserted in sub-	documents along with the Corporate
		regulation 27 (2)	Governance Report on a quarterly
			basis within 21 days from the end of
			the quarter.

#### Comment

Banks and Insurance companies are required to report cybercrime, incident reporting, security measures, and standard practice to their respective Regulators governing them. The Government wants to align with global digital and technology practices and hence this has been mandated to the listed entity to report cyber security incidents or breaches, loss of data or documents every quarter to the Stock Exchanges.

30	Disclosure of	Regulation 30(4)(i)(c)	Regulation 30(4)(i)
	events or	has been substituted.	Criteria for determination of
	information	A new sub-clause (d)	materiality:
		and proviso has been	
		inserted in Regulation	Regulation 30(4)(i)(c) has been
		30(4)(i)	<u>substituted:</u>
			The omission of an event or
			information, whose value or the
			expected impact in terms of value,
			exceeds the lower of the following:
			(1) 2% of turnover, as per the last
			audited consolidated financial
			statements of the listed entity;
			(2) <b>2% of net worth</b> , as per the last
			audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity, except
			in case the arithmetic value of the net
			worth is negative;
			(3) 5% percent of the average absolute
			value of profit or loss after tax, as per
			the last three audited consolidated
			financial statements of the listed
			entity.
			Regulation 30(4)(i)(d) has been
			inserted:
			If criteria specified in sub-clause (4) (i)
			are not applicable, an event or
			information may be treated as material
			if in the opinion of the board of
			directors of the listed entity, the event
			or information is considered material.
			It has been further provided that any
			continuing event or information which
			becomes material in accordance to the
			notification of this amendment shall be
			disclosed by the listed entity within 30
			days from the date of notification
			<u>coming into effect.</u>
	<u>.I</u>		1

	The Policy for the determination of
	materiality <b>shall not dilute</b> any
	requirements specified under the
	provisions of these regulations.
	Policy for determination of materiality
	shall assist the relevant employees of
	the listed entity in identifying any
	potential material event or
	information and reporting the same to
	the authorized Key Managerial
	Personnel, in terms of sub-regulation
	(5), for determining the materiality of
	the said event or information and for
	making the necessary disclosures to
	the stock exchanges.
Comment	

To align with the practice in various jurisdictions, SEBI has provided the **quantitative thresholds** on a consolidated financial statement basis and not standalone. Further, if the **Board forms an opinion** that such events are material, there is no need to consider the quantitative criteria.

Listed entities will be required to modify the **Policy for the determination of materiality** as per new criteria. The Policy in no case can dilute the requirements of Listing Regulations. Such policy will assist the KMPs to identify material events or information for reporting.

30	Disclosure of	Regulation 30(6) has	Timelines to disclose all events or
	events or	been substituted	information which are material to the stock
	information		exchanges have been reduced stating that
			the same is to be disclosed as soon as
			reasonably possible and not later than:
			(i) <b>30 minutes</b> from the closure of the
			meeting of the Board of Directors in which
			the decision pertaining to the event or
			information has been taken;
			(ii) 12 hours from the occurrence of the
			event or information if the event or
			information is emanating from within the
			listed entity;
			(iii) <b>24 hours</b> from the occurrence of the
			event or information if the event or
			information not emanating from within the
			listed entity.
			Provided that disclosure with respect to
			events for which timelines have been
			specified in Part A of Schedule III shall be
			made within such timelines.

#### Comment

The timeline of reporting any material event or information is reduced to protect the interest of the public. In the era of digital & social media companies are required to disseminate the information quickly.

quickly.			
quickly. 30	Disclosure of events or information	In Regulation 30 subregulation 11 proviso has been inserted  In Regulation 30 subregulation 13 has been inserted.	Regulation 30(11):  Listed entity may on its own initiative confirm or deny any reported event or information to stock exchanges.  Proviso has been added: Top 100 listed entities (effective from October 01, 2023, and Top 250 listed entities (effective from April 1, 2024) based on market capitalization shall confirm, deny or clarify any reported event or information in the mainstream media which indicates rumours of an impending specific material event or information as soon as reasonably possible and not later than 24 hours from the reporting of the event or information.  Further, if the listed entity confirms the reported events or information it has to provide the current stage of such event or information.  Regulation 30(13) has been inserted  An event or information required to be disclosed by the listed entity as per the provisions of this regulation, in accordance with receipt of communication from any regulatory, statutory, or enforcement of judicial authority, the listed entity shall disclose such information unless prohibited by such authority.

#### **Comment**

The current regulation 30 (11) gives an option to the listed entity to respond to the Stock Exchanges by either confirming or denying any event or information.

However, SEBI found that in the digital era, the listed entities should be proactive and protect the interest of the public and investors and hence mandated to confirm or deny rumours of any events

or information in the <u>mainstream media not later than 24 hours</u> from the reporting of events or information. To start with, the SEBI has mandated the <u>top 100 listed entities</u> (on the basis of market capitalization) to comply with this regulation.

These provisions will lead the top 100 Companies to track the rumours and respond in 24 hours' time to avoid any non-compliance. The listed entity may find it difficult to respond on any event or information if the same is premature.

30A	Disclosure	A new regulation	Disclosure requirements for certain types of
	requirements	30A has been	agreements binding listed entities
	for certain	inserted	
	types of		(1) All the Shareholders, promoters,
	agreements		promoter group entities, related parties,
	binding listed		directors, key managerial personnel, and
	entities		employees of a listed entity or of its holding,
			subsidiary, and associate company who are
			parties to the agreements specified in
			Schedule III, Part A Paragraph A Clause 5A
			shall inform all agreements entered where
			the listed entity is not a party within 2
			working days of entering or signing the
			agreement.
			The listed entity to disclose to the <b>stock</b>
			exchange all such subsisting agreements as
			on the date of notification to which the listed
			entity is not a party and disclose it on its
			website within the timeline specified by
			SEBI.
			(2)
			(2) Listed entity to disclose the number of
			agreements that subsist as of the date of the
			notification and their salient features
			including a <b>link</b> where complete details are
			available of such agreements in the Annual
			Report for FY 2022-23 or FY 2023-24.

#### Comment

This amendment is a step in the right direction, such <u>disclosure is required for transparency</u> and corporate governance. <u>Non-disclosure of material information</u> creates information asymmetry and results in significant market reaction when it is known to the public at large at a later stage.

Promoters or controlling shareholders were entering into the agreement, which imposed certain restrictions on the company which is not in the interest of the Company. Hence, this amendment is welcome. As per the fundamental right of any person or entity, no person or an entity can create any liability or obligation on a third party without its explicit consent.

In Schedule III, Part A, Paragraph A, Clause 5A has been inserted which reads that such events need to be <u>disclosed by the listed entity in 2 working days</u> to the Stock Exchange and disclose it on its website.

(5A) Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either <u>directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect</u> is to, impact the <u>management or control of the listed entity</u> or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, <u>whether or not the listed entity is a party to such agreements</u>.

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term "directly or indirectly" includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that the listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

31B	Special rights	A new regulation 31B	Special rights to shareholders
	to	has been inserted	Any Special right granted to the
	shareholders		shareholders of the listed entity shall be
			subject to the <b>approval of shareholders</b> in a
			general meeting by way of special
			resolution once in 5 years from the date of
			grant of such special right.
			Special rights available to the shareholders
			of a listed entity as of the date of this
			regulation shall be subject to the approval
			by shareholders by way of a <u>special</u>
			resolution within a period of 5 years from
			the date of the regulation.
			F
			<u>Exemption</u>
			A special resolution is <b>not required</b> if such
			special rights are made available by a listed
			entity to a <u>financial institution</u> registered
			with or regulated by the RBI or to a
			debenture trustee registered with the SEBI,
			if such financial institution or debenture trustee becomes a shareholder of the listed
			entity as a consequence of lending or
			subscription agreement

#### Comment

Any special rights available to one set of shareholders (like the right to appoint a director or affirmative vote for important matters) require approval of other shareholders once in 5 years by way of Special Resolution. The exception is carved out from obtaining shareholder's approval if such special rights are available to the lending Financial Institution or Debenture Trustees if they are shareholders as a consequence of lending or subscription agreement

33	Financial	A new	regi	ulation	Financial Results
	results	33(3)(j)	has	been	Newly listed entities are to submit its
		inserted.			financial results for the quarter or financial
					year immediately succeeding the period for
					which the financial statements have been
					disclosed in the offer document for the IPO,
					in accordance with the prescribed timeline
					<b>specified</b> for submissions of quarterly/
					annual financial results or within 21 days
					from listing whichever is later.

#### Comment

At present, listed companies are required to submit financial results within 45 days from the end of each quarter. In cases when the <u>company gets listed close to the timeline</u> prescribed for submission of financial results, it would be required to announce the first financial results within a <u>very short</u> <u>period of time, post-listing</u>.

Since the financial results are price-sensitive information, such disclosures immediately post-listing may have a large <u>impact on the company's share price</u> even before the price of its scrip has stabilized post-listing, hence SEBI has provided such a timeline that is as specified 45 days from the end of the quarter or 21 days from the listing, <u>whichever is later</u>.

34	Annual	Regulation	34(2)(f)	Annual Report
	Report.	has been sub	stituted	Annual Report of top 1000 listed entities on
				market capitalization:
				(a) To contain <b>Business Responsibility and</b>
				Sustainability Report (BRSR) on the
				Environmental, Social, and Governance
				disclosures.
				(b) To obtain assurance of the BRSR Core
				(c) To disclose and obtain assurance as per
				BRSR Core for their value chain also as
				specified by SEBI.
				Annual Report of Remaining listed entity
				and SME Listed entity may voluntarily
				disclose BRSR or obtain assurance on BRSR
				Core for their value chain, as the case may
				be.

#### Comment

BRSR reporting was mandated by SEBI in 2021. ESG Reporting framework is changing globally and to keep the information relevant, **SEBI may prescribe the format of disclosures** by the listed entities.

SEBI has plans to introduce an assurance-driven reporting regime, based on key ESG attributes. So far, ESG Ratings were assigned based on self-reported data, without any third-party assurance of such data. Since investors are placing increased reliance on these ratings for making investment decisions, it is imperative that these <u>ratings are reliable</u>. In this context, <u>SEBI shall specify Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for BRSR Core.</u>

For a number of companies, significant ESG footprints such as use of natural resources, employment practices, emissions & wastages may be found in their supply chain. Investors are increasingly seeking **ESG disclosures for the supply chain**, so as to get a complete picture of the ESG risks and impact associated with the products & services provided by the Company. However, due to the complexities involved in ESG disclosures and considering the supply chain partner may be small firms or entities, SEBI will gradually introduce disclosures of BRSR Core for the supply chain. SEBI shall specify the "value chain" for the listed entities.

37A	Sale, lease,		Sale, lease, or disposal of an undertaking
	or disposal of	has been inserted	outside Scheme of Arrangement.
	an		
	undertaking		(A) It has been provided that a listed entity
	outside		carrying out the sale, lease, or
	scheme of		otherwise disposal of the whole or
	arrangement		substantially the whole of the
			undertaking of such entity or where it
			owns more than one undertaking, of
			the whole or substantially the whole of
			the undertaking, it shall require <b>prior</b>
			approval of shareholders by way of
			special resolution. It shall require to
			disclose the object of and commercial
			rationale and use of proceeds arising
			therefrom in the statement annexed to
			the notice to be sent to the
			shareholders.
			Such Special Resolution is required to
			be acted upon only if the votes cast <b>by</b>
			public shareholders in favour exceed
			the votes cast by such public
			shareholders against the resolution.
			No public shareholder shall vote on
			such resolution, if he is a party, directly
			or indirectly in such transaction of sale,
			lease or otherwise disposal of the

whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking

B. An <u>exemption is granted</u> from the provisions of this Regulation, for the transaction of sale, lease, or disposal of the whole or substantially the whole of undertaking by a listed entity to its <u>Wholly Owned Subsidiary</u> (WoS), whose accounts are consolidated with such entity.

Further, if WoS, sale, lease, or disposal of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking, (whether in whole or part), which it has received from a listed entity to any other entity, then in such case the listed entity is required to take prior approval of shareholders by way of Special Resolution, (approved by public shareholders who are not directly or indirectly a party to such transaction).

Further, in case the listed entity wants to dilute its shareholdings below 100% in its WoS to which it has transferred the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking, the listed entity is required to take prior approval of shareholders by way of Special Resolution, (approved by public shareholders who are not directly or indirectly a party to such transaction)

This Regulation is <u>exempted</u> if such transaction is by virtue of a covenant covered under an agreement with a <u>Financial Institution</u> regulated by or registered with the Reserve Bank of India or pursuant to a covenant with <u>Debenture Trustees</u> registered with SEBI.

#### Comment

This amendment will plug the loophole that may be used by the listed entities by transferring the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking to its Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WoS) and then diluting their shareholdings in WoS without attracting the provisions of Section 180 (1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013. This will be restricted as the same requires prior approval of the shareholders by way of special resolution (by public shareholders who are not party directly or indirectly to such transaction).

46	Website	Regulation	46(2)(o)	<u>Website</u>
		has been sul	ostituted	The listed entities are required to
				disseminate the information under a
				separate section on their website.
				The listed entity is required to disseminate
				the information at least 2 working days in
				advance (excluding the date of intimation
				and meet) for the schedule of analysts' or
				institutional investors' meet and
				presentations made by the listed entity to
				the analyst or institutional investors.

#### Comment

The advance intimation for any schedule of analysts' or institutional investors' meet by the listed entity will give the opportunity to the public for getting the information and it reduces the dissemination of information asymmetrically.

57	Intimations	Regulation 57 has	Intimation to Stock Exchange
	to the stock	been substituted	The listed entity shall submit a certificate to
	exchange		the stock exchange regarding the status <u>of</u>
			payment of interest or dividend or
			repayment or redemption of the principal
			of non-convertible securities, within One (1)
			working day of it becoming due, in the
			manner and format as specified by the SEBI
			from time to time.

#### **Comment**

There was no requirement to submit the certificate for repayment or redemption of the principal. Now the same has been mandated. In case of early repayment or redemption before the due date, the listed entity is to submit the certificate.

Schedule III	Disclosures of	<b>Events which shall</b>	<b>Events which shall be disclosed without any</b>
Part A	Events or	be disclosed	application of the guidelines for materiality:
Paragraph A	Information:	without any	Acquisition (including an agreement to
	Specified	application of the	acquire), Scheme of Arrangement
	Securities	guidelines for	(amalgamation, merger, demerger or
		materiality:	restructuring) , or sale or disposal of any
			units, divisions, whole or substantially the
		Sub-paragraph 1 has	whole of undertaking or subsidiary of the
		been substituted	listed entity or sale of a stake in the associate

company of the listed entity or any other restructuring,

#### **Explanation 1**

The word "acquisition" shall mean-

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or
- (ii) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that -
- (a) the listed entity holds shares or voting rights aggregating to 5% or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or
- (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this subparagraph and such **change exceeds 2%** of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or
- (c) the <u>cost of acquisition or the price at</u> which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

[Quantitative threshold inserted newly vide this Amendment that is 2% of Turnover as per audited CFS, 2% of Net Worth Turnover as per audited CFS or 5% of the average of the absolute value of profit or loss after tax as per last 3 audited CFS]

#### Explanation 2

For the purpose of this subparagraph, "sale or disposal of the subsidiary" and "sale of stake in the associate company" shall include-

- i. an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- ii. an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the **amount of the sale**

Schedule III Part A	Disclosures of Events or	Subparagraph 3 has been substituted	exceeds the threshold specified in subclause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.  Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this subparagraph, "undertaking" and "substantially the whole of the undertaking" shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013  New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).
Paragraph A	Information: Specified Securities		
Schedule III Part A Paragraph A	Disclosures of Events or Information: Specified Securities	Subparagraph 5A has been inserted.	Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the listed entity is a party to such agreements.  Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.  Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term

			creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.
Schedule III Part A Paragraph A	Disclosures of Events or Information: Specified Securities	Subparagraph 6 has been substituted.	Fraud or defaults by a listed entity, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary, or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter, or director of the listed entity, whether occurred within India or abroad.
			Definition of Fraud and Default is given along with Explanation 1 and 2.
			For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:
			i. Fraud shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.
			ii. 'Default' shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.
			Explanation 1 In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in 'default' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.  Explanation 2 Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity
Schedule III Part A	Disclosures of Events or	Subparagraph 7 has been substituted.	<u>Change</u> in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief
Paragraph A	Information: Specified Securities		Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.

Schedule III Disclosures of Subparagraph 7C In case of <u>resignation</u> of key	v manageriai i
Part A   Events or   has been inserted   personnel, senior management	_
Paragraph A Information: Officer or Director other	•
Specified Independent Director, the	
Securities resignation along with detailed	
such resignation shall be <b>disc</b>	
stock exchanges by the listed e	
seven days from the date	
resignation comes into effect.	. that sach
Schedule III Disclosures of Subparagraph 7D In case the <b>Managing Direct</b>	tor or Chief
Part A Events or has been inserted <b>Executive Officer</b> of the lister	
Paragraph A Information: indisposed or unavailable t	•
Specified requirements of the role in a re	
Securities for more than 45 days in any r	
of 90 days, the same along with	
for such indisposition or unava	
be disclosed to the stock excha	• •
Schedule III Disclosures of Subparagraph 15 in Schedule of analysts or	institutional
Part A Events or item (a) time line has investors meet at least two wo	
Paragraph A Information: been inserted advance (excluding the day	
Specified intimation and the date of th	
Securities presentations made by the lis	•
analysts or institutional investo	=
Explanation: For the purpose of	of this clause
"meet" shall mean group meet	
conference calls conducted	physically or
through digital means.	, ,
Schedule III Disclosures of Subparagraph 18 Announcement or communica	tion through
Part A Events or has been inserted social media intermediaries or	mainstream
Paragraph A Information: media by directors, pror	noters, key
	or senior
Securities management of a listed entity,	in relation to
any event or information which	
for the listed entity in terms of	
of these regulations and is not a	_
available in the public domain	•
entity.	,
Explanation – "social media int	ermediaries"
shall have the same meaning	
under the Information	Technology
	• .
(Intermediary Guidelines and I	Digital Media

Schedule III	Disclosures of	Subnaragraph 10	Actions initiated as passed by a regulater.
		Subparagraph 19	Actions initiated or passed by a regulatory,
	Events or	has been inserted	statutory, enforcement authority, or
	Information:		judicial body against the listed entity or its
	Specified		directors, KMP, senior management,
	Securities		promoter, or subsidiary in relation to:
			-search or seizure
			-re-opening of accounts
			-investigation.
			Details to be disclosed pertaining to actions
			initiated, taken or order passed:
			i. name of authority;
			ii. nature and details of the actions taken,
			initiated or orders passed;
			iii. date of receipt of direction or order,
			including any ad-interim or interim
			orders, or any other communication from
			the authority;
			iv. details of violations/contraventions
			committed or alleged to be committed;
			v. impact on the financial, operation, or
			other activities of the listed entity,
			quantifiable in monetary terms to the
			extent possible.
Schedule III	Disclosures of	Subparagraph 20	Actions initiated or passed by a regulatory,
Part A	Events or	has been inserted	statutory, enforcement authority, or
Paragraph A	Information:		judicial body against the listed entity or its
	Specified		directors, KMP, senior management,
	Securities		promoter, or subsidiary in relation to:
			(a)suspension;
			(b) imposition of fine or penalty;
			(c) settlement of proceedings;
			(d) debarment;
			(e) disqualification;
			(f) closure of operations;
			(g) sanctions imposed;
			(h) warning or caution; or
			(i) any other similar actions.
			Along with the following details to be
			disclosed pertaining to actions initiated,
			taken or order passed: -
			i.name of authority;
			ii. nature and details of the actions taken,
			initiated or orders passed;
ī			· · ·
			iii. date of receipt of direction or order,

Schedule III Part A Paragraph A	Disclosures of Events or Information: Specified Securities	Subparagraph 21 has been inserted	any other communication from the authority; iv. details of violations/contraventions committed or alleged to be committed; v. impact on the financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.  Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the Board of Directors of the listed entity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.
Schedule III Part A Paragraph B	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred subregulation (4) of regulation (30)	Subparagraph 2 has been substituted.	Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:  a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or  b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or  c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).
Schedule III Part A Paragraph B	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred subregulation (4) of regulation (30)	Subparagraph 5 one word has been omitted.	Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) (as a borrower)) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in the normal course of business and revisions or amendments or terminations thereof.
Schedule III Part A Paragraph B	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred subregulation (4)	Subparagraph 8 has been substituted	Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity.

Off: 1005, Solaris One, Prof. N. S. Phadke Marg, Andheri (E), Mumbai – 400069
Website: www.amitadesai.com Email: amita@amitadesai.com
Off Tel 91 2235120829, 91 2235120830, 91 2235120832,
Cell 91 09820177691

	of regulation (30)		
Schedule III Part A Paragraph B	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred subregulation (4) of regulation (30)	Subparagraph 9 has been substituted	Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity
Schedule III Part A Paragraph B	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred subregulation (4) of regulation (30)	Subparagraph 13 has been inserted.	Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority
Schedule V Paragraph C	Annual Report	Schedule V Paragraph C sub- paragraph 5B has been inserted	Corporate Governance Report (CG Report) In CG Report particulars of Senior Management including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year to be disclosed.
Schedule V Paragraph G	Annual Report	Schedule V Paragraph G has been inserted.	Disclosure of certain types of Agreements binding listed entities Information disclosed under clause 5A of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of these regulations.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Disclaimer-This Article is only for academic purposes and is neither intended to solicit business nor to be considered professional advice or opinion